This past year saw the completion of a new wing of the Hesburgh Center, which accommodates the growing needs of the Kroc and Kellogg Institutes. With eight new faculty offices and a new seminar room, the facility provides a new home base for several Institute research initiatives, and strengthens our capacity to meet the challenges of peacebuilding.
“Intense” would be an understatement; “frenetic” would more accurately describe the atmosphere at the Kroc Institute during the 2001-2002 academic year. It was an extraordinary year.

The events of September 11 set the agenda for the fall. Drawing on their research into the causes and dynamics of religious violence and terrorism, several core faculty and fellows crafted an impressive response to the sudden national demand for analysis and recommendations. This group included four visiting Rockefeller fellows, whose expertise in Islam (in the Middle East, Turkey and post-Soviet Central Asia) bolstered immeasurably the Kroc Institute’s Program in Religion, Conflict and Peacebuilding [PRCP].

Several of us lectured around the country and served on a series of interdisciplinary, university-wide panels at Notre Dame. Some appeared frequently in local, national and international media. (Professors Lopez, Mahmood and Appleby collectively made more than fifty such appearances in the fall.) A few advised government policymakers in the United States and Europe. Almost every member of this company of experts published essays and articles on the crisis in prominent journals and magazines. Lopez, Mahmood and Rashied Omar, a scholar of Islam and coordinator of the PRCP, traveled to Manhattan to make a special presentation on the crisis to an invited audience of Notre Dame alumni.

On campus the Kroc Institute took the lead educationally in responding to the crisis. In conjunction with the Kellogg Institute, we organized a series of panels of faculty and visiting fellows (including Baroness Shirley Williams, a Member of Parliament who drafted anti-terrorist legislation for Great Britain). Attended by more than five hundred students, faculty, staff and local citizens, each panel addressed a different dimension of the crisis. Topics discussed under the general theme, “After September 11,” included “Rethinking Terrorism, War and Security,” “Christian and Muslim Holy Wars,” “Civil Liberties, Human Rights, and Legal Remedies,” and “Economic Causes...
and Consequences.”

Following the success of these panels the Kroc Institute collaborated with other faculty and students in organizing (and “staffing”) a “Week of Education on Peace and War” on campus. This popular and unprecedented event featured special lectures, films, and a series of faculty presentations and student discussions held each evening of the week of November 12 in campus dormitories. In addition to providing a forum for in-depth analysis of issues surrounding the crisis, the dorm sessions helped to promote faculty-student dialogue outside the classroom, as well as the deeper integration of student residential and intellectual life — an important goal of the University.

Contributing more than his fair share to this Institute-wide effort, Professor Bob Johansen immediately developed a new, interdisciplinary course on terrorism in light of the events of September 11 and their aftermath. I was proud to be one of several faculty who lectured to over 150 undergraduates enrolled in this new Kroc Institute course in the spring.

During this period of intense — frenetic — outreach and response, the Kroc Institute website, which posted regular updates on the crisis, saw a 50 per cent increase in visits.

In short, we experienced the curse and the privilege of being all too relevant.

The pressure abated slightly in the new year, allowing us to plan and hold an international conference at Notre Dame on the range of Islamic responses to the new geopolitical realities created by the events of September 11 — including renewed efforts at religious peacebuilding among Muslim advocates of nonviolence.

Like the heroic firefighters and police who responded in extraordinary fashion to the suffering in New York and Washington, my colleagues at the Kroc Institute rose to the challenge of coping with the crisis as it disrupted our own, less dramatically affected world. Although the director was distracted and apologized to the 2002 graduating class for being a mostly absent presence in their lives, the core faculty and staff kept the graduate and undergraduate programs running smoothly, and we celebrated the graduation of a truly gifted class of undergraduates and masters in peace studies. The major annual public events sponsored by the Institute ran like clockwork through the efforts of Cathy Odell, who joined the Institute staff as Coordinator of Academic Events in August 2001. These events, which are described in more detail in our new newsletter, *Peace Colloquy*, included a standing-room-only Yoder Dialogue led by Duke University theologian Stanley Hauerwas, a close friend and former colleague and student of John Howard Yoder; and a particularly stimulating set of Hesburgh Lectures in
Ethics and Public Policy, delivered by the eminent physicist and cosmologist Freeman Dyson.

Most impressive was the work of a special committee, chaired by former Kroc Institute director Chuck Wilber, professor emeritus of economics, which I charged with formulating a new strategic plan for the Institute. Such a plan was needed to take advantage of new opportunities for the growth and development of the Institute, including the heightened relevance of the religious and ethnic dimensions of transnational conflict; the impressive maturity of our recent and incoming graduate students, who need and demand ever more sophisticated professional skills; and the University of Notre Dame’s increasing focus on internationalization. The committee met for dozens of hours over the course of the spring semester and produced a stunningly creative, far-sighted and ambitious plan to guide the Institute’s work over the coming decade.

Given the considerable work ahead of us in refining the plan, working out its innumerable requirements in detail, and presenting it formally to our colleagues at Notre Dame and elsewhere, I will provide only a brief overview at this point. Central features of the current draft include the expansion of the Master’s program from eleven months to two years, punctuated by six months of field experience, during which the previous year’s course work will be put to the test. Also envisioned is the establishment of Kroc centers or “satellites” in three or four sites of conflict around the world, possibly including the Middle East, East Africa, South Asia and Northern Ireland — places where ethnic and religious actors play a major and perhaps decisive role in creating an environment of peace or war. A permanent Kroc Institute presence in these regions would enable our faculty and alumni (now over 320 strong) to conduct research and collaborate on specific peacebuilding projects in ways and to an extent unthinkable previously.

We were pleased and encouraged by a preliminary discussion of the emerging plan during a recent meeting of our Advisory Board, whose members, while questioning some provisions, were nonetheless supportive of its direction and central features.

More details of this emerging plan in the next report. Suffice it now to number its origins among the striking results of a year that none of us will be able to forget.

Scott Appleby
John M. Regan, Jr. Director

“...we experienced the curse and the privilege of being all too relevant”
RESEARCH

As was tragically demonstrated on September 11, the new challenges facing the post-Cold War world are cultural as well as economic, driven as much by religious and ethnic considerations as by sheer power politics. Research at the Kroc Institute provides tools for understanding and responding to these urgent global issues through its focus on the religious and cultural dimensions of conflict and peacebuilding; the ethics of the use of force; and the peacemaking role of international norms, policies and institutions, including economic sanctions and human rights.

In addition to encouraging individual research by faculty fellows on these themes, the Kroc Institute seeks to foster collaborative research projects that integrate theoretical insights with current policy issues and the concerns of practitioners on the ground in diverse contexts. Participants are drawn from the Institute’s extensive network of academic and professional colleagues around the world, who bring in-depth understanding of contemporary conflicts and peacebuilding efforts. Thus, as the following reports indicate, the Institute’s links with the field play a critical role in keeping Kroc Institute scholarship on the cutting edge.
As the September 11th hijackings and the subsequent war on terrorism tragically demonstrated, religion must be taken seriously as a potent force in international affairs. The Program in Religion, Conflict and Peacebuilding (PRCP) addresses this long-neglected area of scholarship by examining the complex roles of religious communities and movements in contemporary conflicts. The PRCP is supported by the Rockefeller Foundation Humanities Fellowships Program and the Henry Luce Foundation, which awarded a Henry R. Luce Professorship in Religion, Conflict, and Peacebuilding to the Kroc Institute.

During the 2001-02 academic year, the PRCP hosted its first group of four Rockefeller Foundation Visiting Fellows. Research by these fellows and other program activities focused on the role of Islam in conflict and peacebuilding in Lebanon, Turkey, and the North Caucasus. (See page 8.) Kroc Institute faculty and Rockefeller Visiting Fellows participated in numerous panel discussions on campus and in the local community addressing current international issues, while also offering commentary in national and international media.

To explore the deeper implications of these events, the PRCP organized a conference on April 12-13, 2002 entitled “In Multiple Voices: Challenges and Prospects for Islamic Peacebuilding After September 11.” The conference considered the heterogeneity within the house of Islam by surveying and analyzing the disparate reactions to the events of September 11 in various locales around the world, including Palestine, Chechnya, Daghestan, Pakistan, Kashmir and the Philippines. The conference also identified renewed opportunities for peacebuilding and conflict transformation available within the great tradition of Islam. A key finding of the conference was the critical need for translating a sophisticated understanding of the role of religion in violence into conceptual tools for the development of strategic peacebuilding efforts. Papers from the conference are being edited for publication.

The Institute has appointed three anthropologists as Rockefeller Visiting Fellows for 2002-03, and Mohammed Abu-Nimer will return during the spring semester. The year’s activities will focus on South Asia, particularly emphasizing the role of women in conflict and peacebuilding.
2001-02 Rockefeller Visiting Fellows

Mohammed Abu-Nimer studied resources for nonviolent conflict resolution in Islam for a forthcoming book from University of Florida Press. Abu-Nimer is Assistant Professor in the School of International Service at American University and has worked as a peacebuilding practitioner in the Philippines, Sri Lanka, Palestine, and Israel. He was in residence at the Kroc Institute during the spring semester of 2002 and will return during the spring semester of 2003.

Thomas Scheffler examined the role of religious organizations and leaders in the conflict in Lebanon, giving special attention to the impact of the differing organizational structures. Scheffler’s long list of accomplishments as a Rockefeller Fellow includes completing two edited volumes and six chapters and articles and making eight presentations and invited lectures. Scheffler is a researcher at the Political Science Department of the Free University of Berlin.

Tamara Sivertseva examined the role of cultural and religious factors in promoting stability in the North Caucasus region, particularly focusing on Islamic institutions for conflict resolution. The study is based on several years of field research in Daghestan. Sivertseva is an ethnographer at the Russian Academy of Sciences, Institute of Oriental Studies, Moscow.

Hakan Yavuz studied the Nur Movement, a rapidly growing Islamist movement based in Turkey notable for its openness towards democracy and international standards of human rights. Yavuz research will be published as a book by Oxford University Press. Yavuz is Assistant Professor of Political Science at the Middle East Center, University of Utah.

2002-03 Rockefeller Visiting Fellows

Mohammed Abu-Nimer (see above).

Lamia Karim will examine militant Islam in contemporary Bangladesh, its Wahabi madrassah educational system, and its contested relationship with the women’s rights movement in the country. Karim received a Ph.D. in anthropology from Rice University in 2001, where her innovative research garnered several awards.

Patricia Lawrence will explore how Tamils living in Sri Lanka’s war zone cope with violent conflict through innovative religious rituals, particularly focusing on the role of Hindu oracles. In 1997 Lawrence completed a Ph.D. in cultural anthropology at the University of Colorado at Boulder, where she now teaches.

Monique Skidmore will study how Burmese women engage Theravada Buddhism and Nat Spiritism to mediate distress and fear of violence, which pervades Burmese life. One of only a few scholars who has conducted fieldwork in rural Burma (Myanmar), Skidmore is a lecturer at the School of Anthropology, Geography and Environmental Studies at University of Melbourne, Australia.
A new project of the Kroc Institute, RIREC focuses on post-accord peacebuilding and the means for creating a sustainable, just peace after a period of protracted conflict. At the heart of the project is an effort to develop new theoretical lenses for comprehending the nuances of post-accord peacebuilding, which will integrate conflict management and conflict transformation concerns, techniques and methodologies. The project will test these lenses against cases and develop relevant policy recommendations.

The project focuses on three key dimensions of the post-accord landscape. John Darby, Professor of Comparative Ethnic Studies at the Kroc Institute, directs the Post-Accord Violence Cluster. Siobhan McEvoy-Levy, Visiting Professor of Peace and Conflict Studies at Butler University, Indiana directs RIREC’s Youth/Next Generation Cluster. Tristan Anne Borer, Associate Professor of Government at Connecticut College, directs the Truth Telling and Peacebuilding Cluster. Each research cluster plans to produce an edited volume, and the project co-directors plan a volume which integrates the three thematic areas.

RIREC was launched at a workshop held on September 24-25, 2001 at Notre Dame. During two days of discussions, a multidisciplinary team of fifteen scholars and practitioners laid the foundations for the next two years of collaborative research. Workshop participants worked in three related research clusters as well as in full plenary sessions. A key result of the workshop was a more streamlined focus on strategic challenges of post-accord transformation and sustainable peace.

In addition to the workshop, RIREC organized a guest lecture by Tony Hepburn, Professor of Modern Irish History, University of Sunderland. Hepburn discussed his comparative analysis of ethnic violence in several cities, including Belfast, Brussels, Danzig/Gdansk, Jerusalem, Montreal and Trieste.

RIREC co-director John Darby, with Roger MacGinty, published *Guns and...
Rashied Omar Brings Interfaith Perspective to PRCP and RIREC

Program activities for the PRCP and RIREC are coordinated by Rashied Omar, who joined the Kroc Institute staff in the Fall of 2001 after completing an M.A. in peace studies. Omar brings a long history of interreligious experience to these programs, having previously served as Imam of a mosque in Cape Town, South Africa for fourteen years and co-chair of the 1999 Cape Town Parliament of the World’s Religions.

Omar sees interreligious dialogue and solidarity as an important ingredient in mitigating violent conflict. “The stronger the culture and fabric of interreligious relations we nurture during times of peace, the less we will bleed in times of conflict,” he notes.

Omar’s involvement in interreligious dialogue began while he was active in the anti-apartheid struggle during his student days. During the 1976 student uprisings he was imprisoned and lost a year of schooling as a result. “During my trials, I found great solace and strength from my inner religious resources to sustain myself and maintain my dignity and sanity,” he says. “It was during that period that I began to increasingly develop an interreligious solidarity with apartheid activists from other religious traditions.”

After the demise of Apartheid and the establishment of a nonracial democracy in South Africa in 1994, he frequently spoke out against vigilante violence in South Africa, which a local group was promoting as a strategy for fighting crime and drugs. His advocacy against violence aroused the animosity of some extremists, but he persevered and founded the Interreligious Commission on Crime and Violence in the city of Cape Town.

Drawing on his own experiences of interfaith activism, Omar organized a seminar for the PRCP this year entitled “Interreligious Solidarity and Peacebuilding: The South African Experience.” In addition to Omar, participants included Ela Gandhi, member of Parliament and granddaughter of Mahatma Gandhi; Dr. Franz Auerbach, consultant to Jewish Board of Deputies; Dr. Gerri Lubbe, Minister of Religion, and Kenosi Mofokeng from the Spiritual Churches’ Research and Theological Training Institute.

Omar completed a Master’s degree in comparative religion from the University of Cape Town in 1992 and an M.A. in peace studies at the Kroc Institute in 2002. He is currently a doctoral candidate at the University of Cape Town specializing in religion and violence.

Government: The Management of the Northern Ireland Peace Process (Basingstoke, England and New York: Palgrave/Macmillan, 2002). Drawing on interviews with several key politicians and policymakers, the book offers a detailed examination of the peace process in Northern Ireland, placing it in the context of other contemporary peace processes.

RIREC co-director Tristan Anne Borer was awarded a Kroc Institute Visiting Fellowship for the 2001-02 academic year. She conducted research for a forthcoming book which will evaluate the success of South Africa’s Truth and Reconciliation Commission.

The Institute also awarded a Kroc Institute Visiting Fellowship to Elise Giuliano to extend her previous research on ethnic conflict in Russia to other republics in the post-Soviet region. Giuliano earned her doctorate in Comparative Politics at the University of Chicago in 2000.
n the past year the Sanctions Project published two books and a number of articles and reports that examine continuing efforts to develop more targeted multinational sanctions and the use of economic statecraft to prevent weapons proliferation and terrorism. The project responded to the growing threat of war against Iraq through several publications and media appearances examining alternatives to military action.

In April 2002, project co-directors George A. Lopez and David Cortright produced the edited volume *Smart Sanctions: Targeting Economic Statecraft* published by Rowman and Littlefield. The book features essays from the world’s leading sanctions scholars and practitioners and explores the increased use of targeted financial sanctions, arms embargoes, and travel sanctions. The book also includes the first published account of European Union sanctions that helped bring down the government of Slobodan Milosevic in Serbia.

In May 2002, Lopez and Cortright published the authored volume *Sanctions and the Search for Security: Challenges to UN Action* (Lynne Rienner, 2002). The new volume examines the latest developments in Security Council sanctions, including the use of diamond embargoes and other commodity sanctions, and provides a detailed account of UN efforts to improve and refine sanctions policymaking. The book also reports on the latest developments in UN sanctions against Iraq, UNITA rebels in Angola, the Taliban and al-Qaida network, and the government of Charles Taylor in Liberia.

*Sanctions and the Search for Security* was researched and written with support from the International Peace Academy (IPA) in New York and the foreign ministry of the government of Canada. The IPA and the government of Canada also sponsored a series of international conferences at which Lopez and Cortright gave keynote addresses. They spoke on “Refinement and Reform of UN Sanctions” at the seminar “Sanctions and Political Economy of Crises” at the Center for International Studies and Research in Paris in November 2001. Cortright gave the presentation “Designing a Sanctions Regime” at the conference “A Decade of United Nations Sanctions: Theory and Practice” at the Royal Institute of International Affairs in London in March 2002.

Lopez and Cortright have devoted considerable effort to researching options for UN policy in Iraq. They were pioneers in developing the concept of “smart” sanctions that ease restrictions on civilian trade while maintaining sanctions on weapons and
military-related goods. In 2001 they published the policy brief “Smart Sanctions: Restructuring UN Policy in Iraq,” proposing an overhaul of Security Council sanctions. In April 2002 they published the brief “Sanctions, Inspections and Containment: Viable Policy Options in Iraq,” examining robust options for addressing the Iraqi weapons threat without resort to war. When the Security Council restructured sanctions in Iraq by adopting Resolution 1409 in May 2002, Cortright and Lopez were interviewed by National Public Radio and other media outlets and were identified as experts who were instrumental in advancing the concept of more targeted sanctions.

In February 2002 the foreign ministry of Sweden launched the Stockholm Process on the Implementation of Targeted Sanctions, a research and policy initiative focusing on the implementation and monitoring of targeted UN sanctions. Lopez and Cortright were involved in the initial conceptualization of the process and have been asked to assist by providing research and participating in working groups. Cortright addressed the first meeting of the Stockholm Process at Uppsala University in Sweden in February 2002. Lopez and Cortright will be producing research papers for the Stockholm Process and participating in ongoing working group sessions.

In the wake of September 11, the international community sought to deny the funding and prohibit the activities of al-Qaida and other terrorist networks. On September 28, 2001 the Security Council adopted Resolution 1373 requiring all states to impose targeted financial sanctions and other mandatory measures against terrorists and their supporters. Lopez and Cortright have met with officials of the UN Counter-Terrorism Committee, set up to implement Resolution 1373, and have begun a major research effort to monitor the use of targeted sanctions as a tool in the international campaign against terrorism. In February 2002 they presented a lecture at the Kroc Institute, “Carrots, Sticks and the War on Terrorism: Sharpening Economic Statecraft.”
GLOBALIZATION AND LOCAL VIOLENCE

A joint initiative of the Kroc Institute and the United Nations University, the globalization and local violence project is undertaking a global, interdisciplinary study of the links between globalization and local violence in general and specifically in the urban context. Through a comparative approach, the project seeks to identify how particular policy choices regarding integration in the global economy interact with local factors to foment or mitigate violent conflict.

Under the direction of Raimo Väyrynen, the two-year project involves a book-length conceptual and empirical study of the impact of globalization on patterns of violence. This study, which was completed during the past year, includes case studies of conflict diamonds and patterns of violence in Indonesia which help to specify the relationship between globalization and local violence.

Another dimension of the project focuses on the influence of globalization on urban violence and crime in several metropolitan settings, including Karachi, Mumbai (Bombay), Johannesburg, Sao Paulo, Barcelona, and Baku. The project draws on the work of field researchers and scholars from the regions under study, who will assemble for an authors meeting at Notre Dame in October 2002.

The project was launched October 3, 2001, with a one-day brainstorming conference at the Kroc Institute. Paul Collier, Director of the Development Economics Research Group at the World Bank and a senior World Bank spokesperson on development economics research, presented an insightful keynote address on the economic causes of civil wars, based on an in-depth study conducted by the World Bank. Other participants in the session included anthropologist Jean Comaroff of the University of Chicago and political scientist William Reno of Northwestern University.

In addition to launching this project, Väyrynen also published an edited volume (with E. Wayne Nafziger) on The Prevention of Humanitarian Emergencies (Palgrave, 2002). The book explores how donors, international agencies, and developing countries can prevent humanitarian emergencies through longterm development policies. The book is the third volume in a series for the United Nations University/World Institute for Development Economics Research (UNU/WIDER) project on humanitarian emergencies.

The Institute awarded a Kroc Institute Visiting Fellowship to Elaine Thomas for research on how globalization is transforming existing conceptions and practices of political membership and how those transformations are affecting social justice and relations among ethnic groups as well as the prospects for lasting peace in Europe. The recipient of a SSRC-MacArthur fellowship, Thomas is Assistant Professor at Bard College, Annandale-on-Hudson, New York.
South Asia has become the flashpoint of global tensions, as the buildup of troops and the threat of nuclear confrontation over Kashmir demonstrated during the past year. In addition to a continuing scholarly exchange with faculty from Jawaharlal Nehru University in Delhi and other institutions on regional security issues, the Institute has increasingly focused on the volatile conflict in Kashmir.

Daniel Philpott, a new member of the core faculty of the Kroc Institute, traveled to Indian Kashmir under the auspices of the International Center for Religion and Diplomacy to participate in a workshop on faith-based reconciliation. Philpott also organized an extended visit by two Kashmiri peacebuilders, Firdous Syed from Indian Kashmir and Tahir Aziz from Pakistani Kashmir, who were in residence at the Kroc Institute in January.

Cynthia Mahmood published *A Sea of Orange: Writings on the Sikhs and India* (Philadelphia: Xlibris, 2001), which explores Sikhs, Hindus, human rights and violence in India and among the Indian diaspora. She also published “Kashmir and the War on Terrorism” in the Kroc Institute’s Policy Brief series, and presented a paper on Kashmir at the conference on Islam hosted by the Kroc Institute in the spring. She was awarded a grant to pursue further research on Kashmir from the Institute for Scholarship in the Liberal Arts for 2002-03. The Institute also received a seed grant from the CarEth Foundation for research on Kashmir.

David Cortright visited Jawaharlal Nehru University as part of the continuing exchange. The Institute also hosted a lecture in February by Admiral Ramu Ramdas, former head of the Indian Navy and now an advocate of the nuclear disarmament, and Lalita Ramdas, an advocate of women’s rights in South Asia.

In the coming year, the Institute plans to give significant attention to South Asia, as three Rockefeller Fellows in the Program in Religion, Conflict and Peacebuilding will explore issues of gender, religion, and peace-making in region. (See pages 7-8).
In addition to the collaborative projects described above, several Kroc Institute faculty fellows had significant research achievements:

- **Fred Dallmayr** published *Achieving our World* (Lanham, Md.: Rowman and Littlefield, 2001), which argues that a genuinely global and plural democracy and ‘civic culture’ is the only viable and promising path for humankind in the new millennium, based on insights from political theory, international politics, and recent Continental philosophy.

- **Robert Johansen** continued research on the role of NGO’s in establishing the International Criminal Court, through a grant from the Aspen Institute. He also was a founder and leader of a new initiative to establish a global e-parliament.

- **Daniel Myers** received two awards from the National Science Foundation for research on “Riots, Protest, and Activism” and “Race and Collective Violence, 1967-1972.” In addition, he and David Sequence received a grant from the Louisville Institute for research on “Congregational Responses to September 11th.”

- **Carolyn Nordstrom** completed a 15-month John D. and Catherine T. MacArthur Foundation Research and Writing Grant for research on “Shadow Networks and Cultures: Inquiries into Transnational Illicit and Non-State Powers.”

- **Victoria Sanford** received a Rockefeller Residential Fellowship at the Institute for Institute on Violence, Culture and Survival, Virginia Foundation for the Humanities, Spring 2002 to study “Buried Secrets: Truth and Human Rights in Guatemala.”

- **James Sterba** was awarded a residential fellowship for research projects on affirmative action and the relationship between terrorism and international justice, which he completed at the National Humanities Center in North Carolina and as a visiting faculty member at the University of California, Irvine.

- **Raimo Väyrynen** was awarded the Cross of Freedom, First Class, by the President of Finland for his work for Finland’s independence and security.
ACADEMIC PROGRAMS

The Kroc Institute trains professionals who provide communities and policymakers with strategic, research-based alternatives to conflict and escalating violence in ethnic, religious and cultural contexts. Kroc Institute graduates also work with local actors to build a just and sustainable peace in regions threatened by deadly violence; they contribute expertise in conflict resolution, small business management, economic development, education for nonviolence, human rights advocacy, inter-religious dialogue, diplomacy and a variety of other relevant areas.

To perform effectively in these capacities, students of peace studies need an increasingly diverse set of conceptual and professional skills. To meet this challenge, the Kroc Institute’s strategic plan, currently under deliberation, would expand the graduate program from 11-months to a two-year program. In addition to providing more time to assimilate coursework, a central feature of the new program would be a field component designed to foster the integration of scholarship with experience and practice.

The Kroc Institute is also expanding its undergraduate program. In addition to the Institute’s interdisciplinary minor in peace studies, the Institute will offer a supplementary major to Notre Dame-St. Mary’s undergraduates beginning in 2002. Like the minor, the supplementary major will provide an opportunity for students to complement their major field with courses focused on issues of peace, violence, justice and human rights.
uring the 2001-02 academic year the graduate program devised new ways to strengthen the master’s students’ skills in professional peacebuilding. Kroc courses analyzed the long-term task of transforming destructive conflicts into constructive relationships — a task conducted at various levels of society, from elites to grassroots. Typical was a course taught by John Paul Lederach, Professor of International Peacebuilding and a leading practitioner and theorist in the field. Taking contemporary conflicts as its setting, the course required students to design peacebuilding strategies that address a host of related issues, from economic development to environmental security, from human rights issues to the role of political parties and the media in fomenting or reducing violence.

As part of this restructured curriculum, faculty redesigned two core courses, Peace and World Order Studies I and II, to reflect the latest trends in international relations theory and practice. The new courses focus on “War, Human Rights, and Peacebuilding” and “Globalization, International Political Economy, and Sustainable Development.”

The course entitled “Peacemaking Praxis and Professional Development” was also revised to improve students’ skills in comparative conflict analysis and to prepare them for competing effectively in the job market and professional life.

Students also completed internships with local organizations during their course of study. Felicia Leon-Driscoll, a 1989 alumna of the M.A. program, assisted students in arranging internships at the Robinson Community Learning Center, AIDS Ministries, Refugee Services, the Mediation Project, and the South Bend Center for the Homeless which helped them integrate issues from the classroom with peacebuilding practice. Leon-Driscoll also assisted students in their post-graduate career planning.

Students’ integration of theory and practice was further reinforced through a five-day field visit to New York City as part of a course on “Effective Peacebuilding,” taught by George Lopez. Students met with leaders of major non-governmental organizations and officials in the United Nations to discuss tensions between promoting human rights and promoting peace. The trip also included a dinner hosted at the UN by the
After graduating, M.A. students dispersed around the globe to shoulder diverse peace-building responsibilities. The Kroc Institute awarded small grants to eight students to conduct internship projects after completing their formal studies. At modest cost, these projects further the students’ training, build up local capacities for peace and justice, and enhance students’ employment prospects. Others began graduate programs, internships, or professional work in conflict transformation and protection of human rights. A detailed list of post-graduation activities can be found below.

Faculty and staff of the graduate program also worked this year to develop ideas for revising the M.A. program within the context of the Institute’s new strategic plan. The Institute has developed preliminary plans for extending the program to two academic years. This will enable students to have more time to assimilate course work, to take additional electives in areas of particular interest, to focus more attention on research methods and writing, and to have six months of field experience in areas of conflict. Plans will continue to be developed in the coming year.

Post-Graduation Activities of 2001-2002 Students

Internships funded by Kroc Institute:

Marta Balint has returned to Bucharest, Romania to work in program development and fundraising for Chance for Life, an agency which provides housing and education for abandoned children.

Karmela Devcic, a journalist and documentary film maker, is spending two months at the International Monitor Institute in Los Angeles, doing research for a transitional justice project in the Balkans. On her return to Croatia she hopes to document the emerging truth commissions in the region.

Karana Dharma (Stanley Olivier) will intern with the International Human Rights Law Group in Africa this fall.

Marco Garrido has returned to his native Philippines to research rural development policies with Focus on the Global South, a local NGO.

Rev. Peter Gichure, a priest from Nairobi is working with the Catholic Justice and Peace Commission of Kenya. After his internship, Rev. Gichure will return to his position as lecturer and Dean of Studies at St.
Thomas Aquinas Seminary. He plans to start a conflict and peace studies program at the Catholic University of Eastern Africa.

**Tetty Uli Naiborhu** is serving as a researcher and teaching assistant at the Center for Security and Peace Studies of her home university in Yogyakarta, Indonesia.

**Serhat Tutuncuoğlu** has returned to Istanbul, Turkey to complete an internship with Amnesty International.

*Other Internships:*

**Catalina Acevedo**, from Colombia, is interning with the Pearson Peacekeeping Center in Nova Scotia, Canada.

**Alisher Khamidov**, from Kyrgyzstan, is serving a summer internship with the Davis Center at Harvard and will return to Notre Dame in the fall to complete his M.A. thesis under a Muskie Fellowship.

**Asma Pervaiz Khan**, from Pakistan, won a prestigious Scoville Fellowship to support her nine-month internship at the Arms Control Association in Washington, D.C.

*Graduate School:*

**Maneesha Pasqual** is pursuing a Ph.D. in conflict analysis and resolution at George Mason University.

**Agnes Adama Campbell** is beginning a Master's program in social work at the University of Georgia, Athens.

*Peacebuilding positions:*

**Hassab Elrasoul Ali** has returned to his position at the Badya Centre for Integrated Development Services in Khartoum, Sudan.

**John Kleiderer** is working with the U.S. Jesuit Conference on domestic and international social justice issues.

**Nguyen Dieu Huong** has returned to Hanoi, Vietnam, where she is a researcher in American foreign policy studies at the Institute for International Relations of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

**Kim Overdyck**, from South Africa, is coordinating the Take Ten Program in the South Bend schools, through the Robinson Community Learning Center.
he events of September 11th heightened an already strong interest in peace studies among undergraduates on the Notre Dame campus. In addition to sponsoring a number of campus events, the Institute organized a course during the spring semester on “Problems of Contemporary Violence: Terrorism, War, and Peace after September 11,” which quickly reached its enrollment cap of 150 students. The course focused on the global role of the United States, the nature of conflicts that cross religious and cultural as well as economic and political lines, and the meaning of human security and how to achieve it. Taught by Robert Johansen, the course featured guest presentations by several Kroc Institute faculty fellows and visiting fellows.

Another Institute response to the upsurge of interest in international affairs was a successful proposal to the College of Arts and Letters for a new undergraduate major in peace studies. Called a Supplementary Major, the eight-course program of study is being offered by the Kroc Institute, through the College of Arts and Letters, for the first time in the 2002-03 academic year. The major includes an introductory course in peace studies, a senior seminar, and three core courses chosen from the following thematic clusters: the roles of international norms and institutions in peacemaking; the impact of religious, philosophical and cultural influences on peace; and the promotion of social, economic and environmental justice.

In addition, the former concentration became a Minor in Peace Studies in 2001-02, with approximately twenty students completing the program in May. The Minor in Peace Studies requires fifteen credit hours (five courses), including an introductory course, three elective courses, and a senior project.

The Kroc Institute’s ninety undergraduate students were particularly active this year. With the assistance of Asma Khan and
Willow Wetherall, two M.A. students, the students planned and held a national peace studies conference in the spring. Tona Boyd, a junior at Notre Dame, served as the conference chairperson, assisted by a team of several peace studies students. In addition to a keynote address by Washington Post columnist and peace activist Colman McCarthy, the conference also featured a concert, an art exhibit, a panel with Father Hesburgh, presentations by local schoolchildren, and two days of working sessions on student research. The conference attracted students from across the country, including students from colleges in Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New York, Ohio, Ontario, Pennsylvania, and Washington, D.C.

Kroc undergraduates also took the lead on the Notre Dame campus in responding to September 11, helping to organize discussion forums and debates, charitable drives, and a trip to Washington. A student peace coalition, formed after September 11 by several peace studies students and others, organized a prayer vigil, a march for peace, and a winter campout on the Quad to raise awareness about Afghan refugees.

A special award for academic excellence and commitment to public service, the Peter Yarrow Award, was presented to graduating senior Lauren Simmons for her outstanding achievements in Peace Studies during her Notre Dame career.

Cynthia Mahmood was appointed director of the undergraduate program in peace studies in September 2001. An Associate Professor of Anthropology, Mahmood brings to the position extensive teaching experience and a particular enthusiasm for mentoring of undergraduate students through collaborative research and field projects.
OUTREACH

The Institute’s expertise in religious and ethnic conflict and peacebuilding, international norms and institutions, and ethical dimensions of peace and war create a distinctive profile for the Institute in the international arena. Kroc Institute faculty contribute to discussions of international policy through publications, seminars with policymakers and media commentary on current issues. These efforts are supported by an array of publications, including Peace Colloquy, the Annual Report, Occasional Papers, and Policy Briefs, and an extensive website.

The Institute also engages in research and training in conjunction with nongovernmental and religious organizations. Partners include the Catholic community of thinkers and organizations working for sustainable peace and the Institute’s alumni network.

As world attention shifted to the religious and cultural dimensions of international affairs in the wake of the September 11 attacks, the Kroc Institute faced an unprecedented demand for commentary and analysis. As the following pages detail, the Institute responded to the challenge through the full range of its outreach activities.
The events of September 11 and the “war on terrorism” led to a flurry of media appearances for Kroc Institute faculty. Highlights included:

- **Mohammed Abu-Nimer** (Rockefeller Visiting Fellow) commented on the Middle East conflict in several venues, including an editorial in *Newsday* (April 14) and a radio interview on “On Point” produced by WBUR, Boston.

- **Scott Appleby** commented on religious militancy in numerous media appearances after September 11, including the cover story in *Newsweek* (September 24), television interviews on PBS’s “Religion and Ethnic News Weekly” and MSNBC, and radio interviews on BBC International, Voice of America, NPR, WGN’s “Extension 720” and BBC International. Appleby also authored a feature article in *Foreign Policy* (January/February 2001), an essay on Islamic militancy in *Lingua Franca*, and the headline article (on terrorism) in the *2001 World Book*.

  In addition, Appleby received extensive coverage for his comments on the sex abuse scandal in the Catholic Church, including reports in the *New York Times, Boston Globe, Chicago Tribune*, and other major newspapers, as well as interviews on ABC News “Nightline”, the “News Hour with Jim Lehrer”, CBS News, and NPR’s “Morning Edition” and “Diane Rehm Show.”

- **Michael Baxter** addressed ethical dimensions of the war on terrorism in the *National Catholic Reporter* (April 12, 2002) and a cover story for *U.S. Catholic* (December 2001).

- **David Cortright** was interviewed about economic sanctions on numerous radio programs, including NPR’s “All Things Considered” on May 7, 2002. He discussed restructuring sanctions on Iraq on NPR’s “Morning Edition” on May 15 and “Talk of the Nation” on May 16, 2002. Articles by Cortright were featured in *The Nation* (December 3 and February 18) and *USA Today Magazine* (January).

- **Patrick Gaffney** commented on the Islamic tradition in the cover story of *Newsweek* (February 11, 2002), by Kenneth Woodward. He also presented Hesburgh Lectures to several Notre Dame clubs in California, Michigan and Delaware.

- **Robert Johansen** discussed the course on terrorism he developed in response to the September 11 attacks in several media appearances, including articles in the *Chicago Tribune* (March 31) and *Indianapolis Star*. 
- John Paul Lederach's article "The Challenge of Terror: A Traveling Essay" was widely circulated over the web in the immediate aftermath of the September 11 attacks, and has subsequently been published in several volumes. Lederach discussed the article on several radio programs, including on NPR's "Take on the World" and "Speaking of Faith." Lederach also wrote a follow-up essay, which is available on the Kroc Institute's website.

- Daniel Lindley wrote editorials on the war on terrorism published in the Chicago Sun Times (October 26, 2001), and the Indianapolis Star (December 9, 2001). Lindley was interviewed on the Colombian peace process on Voice of America (June 4).

- George Lopez, who is Chair of the Board of Director's of the Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists, commented on resetting the “doomsday” clock in numerous media appearances, including quotes in the Washington Post (February 28), the Chicago Tribune (February 26, 27), and the Toronto Globe and Mail (February 27); interviews on NPR's “Talk of the Nation” and “All Things Considered Weekend Edition”, WBEZ Chicago, WBUR Boston, CBC Canada, MAPW Australia, and Pacifica Radio; and television coverage on CNN, CNBC, and WGN-Chicago. He was interviewed about smart sanctions on KNWZ Los Angeles, WSBT South Bend, and WKSB California. He also presented Hesburgh Lectures to Notre Dame clubs in 7 cities across the United States.

- Cynthia Mahmood was profiled in the Chicago Tribune (October 8), the Indianapolis Star (February 17), and the South Bend Tribune. The articles highlighted her face-to-face encounters with religious militants. She also was interviewed on ABC’s “Politically Incorrect” (October 22).

- Rashied Omar was profiled in the Feature section of the South Bend Tribune (October 7). The article emphasized the anguish felt by Muslims in the United States after the September 11 attacks.

- Daniel Philpott and Brian Cox wrote an editorial on political reconciliation published in the San Diego Union Tribune (January 11, 2002).

- Victoria Sanford commented on the Colombian peace process in the New York Times (March 2).

- Thomas Scheffler (Rockefeller Visiting Fellow) was interviewed concerning his views on religion and violence for the cover story of Focus (February 25), Germany’s most widely circulated political magazine.

- Hakan Yavuz (Rockefeller Visiting Fellow) wrote editorials on Islam and peace published in two Turkish newspapers, Zaman (May 5) and Deseretnews (May 18).
During the summers of 2001 and 2002, the Kroc Institute, in conjunction with the peacebuilding team of Catholic Relief Services (CRS), hosted and co-directed a ten-day Summer Institute in Peacebuilding (SIP). Each SIP brought together over 30 CRS staff members and partners from field offices around the world. The SIPs were designed to provide participants with both a focused environment for increasing their skills and perspectives in peacebuilding and an opportunity for critical engagement of new thinking in three related areas: Conflict Resolution and Peacebuilding, Catholic Social Teaching, and New Issues in Economic Development. Based on the success of the first two SIPs, the Kroc Institute and CRS plan to continue jointly organizing summer institutes in the future.

CATHOLIC PEACEBUILDING

One outgrowth of the partnership with CRS was the formation of a working group of scholars and peacebuilding practitioners from a range of Catholic organizations around the theme “Catholic Peacebuilding.” The group held its first meeting on April 4-5, in conjunction with a conference on “The New ‘New Things’: Catholic Social Teaching and The 21st century,” organized by Kroc Institute fellow Todd Whitmore, who directs the Theology Department’s Program in Catholic Social Tradition. Discussions focused on prospects for Catholic organizations to play a greater role in peacebuilding.

INTERNATIONAL CONSULTATIONS

A major undertaking this year was a series of four five-day workshops on peacebuilding and strategic planning for the Pastoral Social of the Episcopal Bishop’s Conference of the Catholic Church in Colombia. The seminars were facilitated by John Paul Lederach in cooperation with CRS. Lederach also facilitated several other workshops on peacebuilding, including:

— a strategic planning meeting for CRS Latin American Region in Antigua, Guatemala (September 8-15);
— a training workshop on for the West Africa Network for Peacebuilding, Ghana (November 17-December 2);
— a consultation for a University training initiative on conflict resolution and peacebuilding, in cooperation with the Public Committee for Dialogue, the Kettering Foundation and the Ministry of Education, Dushanbe, Tajikistan (February 16-27); and
— a workshop with the Mindanao Peacebuilding Institute in Davao, Mindanao (April 30-May 8).
To improve communication with alumni and friends of the Institute, the Kroc Institute launched a redesigned newsletter, titled Peace Colloquy, which replaces the Kroc Institute Report. The Institute also began a makeover of its webpage through a grant from the University’s Office of Web Administration. Access to the Kroc Institute’s site continued to increase; the website received a daily average of nearly 1,000 requests for pages and 300 visits. Yahoo selected the Institute’s “After September 11” page <www.nd.edu/~krocinst/sept11.html> to include on a page listing links about the attacks. The Kroc Institute also added several publications to its series of Occasional Papers and Policy Briefs, which are listed below.

## Occasional Papers

**The Campaign Against Terrorism** (#22:OP:1)
*Daniel A. Lindley*

**Conflict, Conflict Resolution and the Children of Northern Ireland: Towards Understanding the Impact on Children and Families** (#21:OP:1)
*Erin L. Lovell and E. Mark Cummings*

**Youth As Social and Political Agents: Issues in Post-Settlement Peace Building** (#21:OP:2)
*Siobhan McEvoy-Levy*

*Luis Pásara*

**The Growing Peace Research Agenda** (#21:OP:4)
*Peter Wallensteen*

## Policy Briefs

**The Aftermath of the Israeli-Palestinian War of 2002**
Policy Brief #10 (June 2002), *Arie Kacowicz*

**Nonviolent Voices in Israel and Palestine**
Policy Brief #9 (June 2002), *Mohammed Abu-Nimer*

**Kashmir and the “War on Terrorism”**
Policy Brief #8 (October 2001), *Cynthia Mahmood*

**U.S. Opposition to the International Criminal Court: Unfounded Fears**
Policy Brief #7 (June 2001), *Robert C. Johansen*

**Israel under Sharon: The Tunnel at the End of the Light**
Policy Brief #6 (June 2001), *Alan Dowty*
Appendix I — Publications by Kroc Fellows

**Books**


**Articles and Chapters**


Alan Dowty and Michelle Gawerc (Kroc Institute M.A., 2001), “The Al-Aqsa Intifada: Revealing the Chasm,” Middle East Review of International Affairs 5, No. 3 (September, 2001), [available at www.biu.ac.il/SOC/besa/meria.html].


Appendix II — 2001-02 Events

September 13
Current Affairs Panel: “After September 11: Rethinking Terrorism, War and Security”
Scott Appleby, Kroc Institute; Daniel Lindley, Government and International Studies; George Lopez, Kroc Institute; Layna Mosley, Government and International Studies; Baroness Shirley Williams, Deputy Leader and Foreign Policy Spokesman for the Liberal Democrats in the House of Lords, British Parliament
Co-sponsored with the Kellogg Institute

September 20
PRCP Seminar: “Confessionalism and Democratization: The Development of Electoral Law in Lebanon”
Thomas Scheffler, Rockefeller Visiting Fellow

September 20
Current Events Panel: “After September 11: Christian and Muslim Holy Wars”
Scott Appleby, Kroc Institute; Michael Baxter, C.S.C., Theology; William Cavanaugh, Visiting Fellow, Kellogg Institute; Patrick Gaffney, C.S.C., Anthropology; Cynthia Mahmood, Kroc Institute; Rashied Omar, Kroc Institute
Co-sponsored by the Kellogg Institute

September 24-25
Workshop: “Research Initiative on the Resolution of Ethnic Conflict (RIREC)”

October 3
Current Events Panel: “After September 11: Law, Rights, and Remedies”
Robert Johansen, Kroc Institute; Garth Meintjes, Center for Civil and Human Rights; Juan Mendez, CCHR; Dinah Shelton, CCHR; Patricia Bellia, Law School
Co-sponsored by the Kellogg Institute and Center for Civil and Human Rights

October 4
Tony Hepburn, Professor of Modern Irish History, University of Sunderland, United Kingdom

October 11
PRCP Seminar: “Daghestan: The Quest for Identity”
Tamara Sivertseva, Rockefeller Visiting Fellow

October 11
Film: “Dr. Strangelove” with Introduction by Daniel Lindley, Assistant Professor, Government and International Studies

October 12
JOHN HOWARD YODER DIALOGUES ON NONVIOLENCE, RELIGION AND PEACE
"John Howard Yoder and the Catholic Tradition"
Stanley Hauerwas, Gilbert T. Rowe Professor of Theological Ethics, Divinity School, Duke University
October 12
Lecture: “Memory and Justice”
Filipe Agüero, Associate Professor in International and Comparative Studies, School of International Studies, University of Miami
Co-Sponsored with the Kellogg Institute and the Center for Civil and Human Rights

October 16
PRCP Panel Discussion: “Inter-religious Solidarity and Peacebuilding: The South African Experience”
Franz Auerbach, Consultant to the Jewish Board of Deputies, South Africa; Ela Gandhi, Member of Parliament, South Africa, Vice-President of Natal Indian Congress and granddaughter of Mahatma Gandhi; Gerri Lubbe, Minister of Religion, South Africa; Kenosi Mofokeng, Spiritual Churches’ Research and Theological Training Institute, South Africa

October 30
Lecture: “Immigration and Changing Nationality Laws in Western Europe”
Elaine Thomas, Kroc Institute Visiting Fellow

November 1
Lecture: “Sowing the Seeds of Conflict: The Effect of Dispute Settlements on the Duration of Peace”
Paul Senese, Assistant Professor, Department of Political Science, SUNY, Buffalo

November 5
Lecture: “Rebellion and Violence in Islamic Law: Avenues for Conflict Resolution”
Khaled Abou El Fadl, Professor of Law and the Omar and Azmeralda Alfi Distinguished Fellow in Islamic Law, UCLA

November 6
Lecture: “Understanding Why Nationalism Declines: Ethnic Minority Regions in Russia”
Elise Giuliano, Kroc Institute Visiting Fellow

November 8
Lecture: “Bearing the Gift of Peace: Thomas Merton’s Advice to Peacemakers”
Jim Forest, Secretary of the Holland-based Orthodox Peace Fellowship
co-sponsored by the Department of Theology

November 12
Lecture: “War, Peace and the Imperatives of Justice: An Islamic Perspective”
John Kelsay, Richard L. Rubenstein Professor in the Department of Religion, Florida State University
co-sponsored by the Department of Theology

November 15
PRCP Seminar: “Alternatives to Islamic Extremism: The Nur Movement in Turkey”
Hakan Yavuz, Rockefeller Visiting Fellow

November 19
Lecture: “Israel’s Quest for Peace and the War against Terrorism”
Moshe Ram, Consul General of Israel to the Midwest, Chicago, IL

December 6
Lecture: “Hope at the Margins: Peace Communities in Colombia”
Victoria Sanford, Assistant Professor, Anthropology
December 6-9
Conference: Partition and Memory: Ireland, India, Palestine
organized by the Keough Institute for Irish Studies, with support from the United States Institute for Peace, the Kroc Institute, the Nanovic Institute, the Kellogg Institute, the Graduate School the Institute for Scholarship in the Liberal Arts, the departments of history, anthropology, English and government, and the programs of gender studies and Islamic studies

January 24
Firdous Syed, President, Kashmir Foundation for Peace and Development Studies; Tahir Aziz, Coordinator, Human Rights Desk, Kashmir Institute of International Relations

January 31
Lecture: “Faith, Justice and Education: Reflections on an International Life”
Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C., President Emeritus, University of Notre Dame
Co-sponsored with the Kellogg Institute

February 5
Lecture: “Promoting Security in Central Asia”
Kathleen Collins, Assistant Professor, Government and International Studies
Co-sponsored with the Kellogg Institute

February 7
Raimo Väyrynen, Senior Fellow, Kroc Institute; Professor, Government and International Studies

February 12
Lecture: “Carrots, Sticks and the War on Terrorism”
George Lopez, Director of Policy Studies and Senior Fellow, Kroc Institute; David Cortright, President, Fourth Freedom Forum, Goshen, Indiana; Kroc Visiting Research Fellow

February 19
PRCP Seminar: “Nonviolence and Peacebuilding in Islam”
Mohammed Abu-Nimer, Rockefeller Visiting Fellow

February 26
Current Affairs Panel: “A New Role for Russia and Central Asia after September 11”
Kathleen Collins, Government and International Studies; Elise Giuliano, Kroc Institute Visiting Fellow; Alisher Khamidov, M.A. student, Kroc Institute; Martha Merritt, Government and International Studies; Tamara Sivertseva, Rockefeller Visiting Fellow

February 28
Lecture: “Preventing War and Nuclear Confrontation in South Asia”
Admiral Ramu Ramdas, former head of the Indian Navy; Lalita Ramdas, Peace and Women’s Rights Advocate
Co-sponsored with the Fourth Freedom Forum and the North Indiana Women’s Action for New Direction

March 5
Tristan Anne Borer, Kroc Institute Visiting Fellow; Associate Professor, Government, Connecticut College
March 7-9
Conference: “Assessing the Theological Legacy of John Howard Yoder”
*Co-sponsored with the Notre Dame Department of Theology, the Institute of Mennonite Studies of the Associated Mennonite Biblical Seminary, and Goshen College*

March 19
THE ARCHBISHOP ROMERO LECTURE
“Archbishop Romero: A Bishop for the Third Millennium”
**Cardinal Oscar Andrés Rodríguez Maradiaga, S.D.B.,** Archbishop, Diocese of Tegucigalpa, Honduras
*Co-sponsored with the Kellogg Institute*

March 21
Lecture: “Democratic Peace in Times of War: A Research Program in the Variation of Democracies’ Behavior in Conflict”
**Lothar Brock,** Professor of Political Science, Johann Wolfgang Goethe University of Frankfurt/Main; Research Director, Peace Research Institute, Frankfurt/Main
*Co-sponsored with the Nanovic Institute for European Studies*

March 22-23
Student Peace Conference: “Be the Change”
Keynote Speaker: **Colman McCarthy,** Founder and Director, Center for Teaching Peace, Washington, D.C.

April 4
Brown Bag Discussion: “Interfaith Cooperation for Peace in the Middle East”
**Ronald Young,** Executive Director of the U.S. Interreligious Committee for Peace in the Middle East (USICPME)

April 4-5
Lecture: “Why International Politics is a Nasty and Brutish Business” and “Why America’s Strategy for Fighting Terrorism Is Likely to Fail”
**John Mearsheimer,** R. Wendell Harrison Distinguished Service Professor of Political Science, University of Chicago
*Co-sponsored with the Department of Government and International Studies*

April 9-10
Eighth Annual Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C. Lectures on Ethics and Public Policy
“Eight Tales for Technophiles: Successes and Failures in Using Technology to Help the Poor”
“The World Economic Forum Debates: The Future of Science and Technology”
**Freeman J. Dyson,** Professor of Physics Emeritus, School of Natural Sciences, The Institute for Advanced Studies, Princeton

April 11-13
PRCP Conference: “In Multiple Voices: Challenges and Prospects for Islamic Peacebuilding after September 11”

April 19
**Vincent Cornell,** Professor of History and Director of the King Fahd Center for Islamic Studies, University of Arkansas
*Co-sponsored with the Muslim Student Association and the Program in Mediterranean/Middle East Studies*
Appendix III — Faculty, Staff and Students

2001-2002 Core Faculty

R. Scott Appleby, John M. Regan, Jr. Director; Professor of History
John Darby, Professor of Comparative Ethnic Studies
Robert C. Johansen, Director of Graduate Studies, Senior Fellow; Professor of Government and International Studies
John Paul Lederach, Professor of International Peacebuilding
George A. Lopez, Director of Policy Studies, Senior Fellow
Cynthia K. Mahmood, Director of Undergraduate Studies; Associate Professor of Anthropology
Daniel Philpott, Assistant Professor of Government and International Studies
Raimo Väyrynen, Senior Fellow; Professor of Government and International Studies
Charles K. Wilber, Counselor to the Director; Professor of Economics

2001-2002 Faculty Fellows

Asma Afsaruddin, Assistant Professor of Classics
Rev. Michael J. Baxter, C.S.C., Assistant Professor of Theology
Doris L. Bergen, Associate Professor of History
Jeffrey H. Bergstrand, Associate Professor of Finance and Business Economics
Rev. David B. Burrell, C.S.C., Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C. Professor of Theology and Philosophy
Paolo G. Carozza, Associate Professor of Law
E. Mark Cummings, Professor of Psychology
Fred R. Dallmayr, Packey J. Dee Professor of Government and International Studies
Alan K. Dowty, Professor of Government and International Studies
Barbara J. Fick, Associate Professor of Law
Michael J. Francis, Professor of Government and International Studies
Rev. Patrick D. Gaffney, C.S.C., Associate Professor of Anthropology
Teresa Ghilarducci, Associate Professor of Economics; Director of the Higgins Labor Research Center

Denis A. Goulet, William and Dorothy O’Neill Professor of Economics
George S. Howard, Professor of Psychology
Ruthann K. Johansen, Concurrent Associate Professor of Arts and Letters; Assistant Director, Core Course
Daniel A. Lindley, III, Assistant Professor of Government and International Studies
David M. Lodge, Professor of Biological Sciences
Scott P. Mainwaring, Eugene and Helen Conley Professor of Political Science; Director, Helen Kellogg Institute for International Studies
A. James McAdams, Professor of Government and International Studies
Juan Mendez, Professor of Law; Director, Center for Civil and Human Rights
Martha L. Merritt, Assistant Professor of Government and International Studies
Layna Mosley, Assistant Professor of Government and International Studies
Vai-Lam Mui, Associate Professor of Economics
Daniel J. Myers, Associate Professor of Sociology
Carolyn R. Nordstrom, Associate Professor of Anthropology
Victoria D. Sanford, Assistant Professor of Anthropology
Dinah L. Shelton, Professor of Law
Kristin Shrader-Frechette, O’Neill Professor of Philosophy, Concurrent Professor of Biological Sciences
James Sterba, Professor of Philosophy
Lee A. Tavis, C.R. Smith Professor of Business Administration, Professor of Finance; Director, Program on Multinational Managers and Developing Country Concerns
A. Peter Walshe, Professor of Government and International Studies; Director, African Studies Program
Andrew J. Weigert, Professor of Sociology
Todd D. Whitmore, Associate Professor of Social Ethics, Department of Theology; Director, Program in Catholic Social Tradition
Rev. Oliver F. Williams, C.S.C., Associate Professor of Management; Academic Director, Center for Ethics and Religious Values in Business
2001-02 Visiting Fellows/Scholars

Mohammed Abu-Nimer, Rockefeller Visiting Fellow (Spring 2002); Assistant Professor, School of International Service, American University

Tristan Anne Borer, Kroc Institute Visiting Fellow; Associate Professor, Connecticut College, New London, Connecticut

David Cortright, Visiting Research Fellow; President, Fourth Freedom Forum, Goshen, Indiana

Elise Giuliano, Kroc Institute Visiting Fellow; University of Chicago

Barbara McCrea, Visiting Scholar

Thomas Schettler, Rockefeller Visiting Fellow; Professor of Political Science, Free University of Berlin

Tamara Sivertseva, Rockefeller Visiting Fellow; ethnographer, Russian Academy of Sciences, Institute of Oriental Studies

Elaine Thomas, Kroc Institute Visiting Fellow (Fall 2001); Assistant Professor of Political Studies, Bard College

Hakan Yavuz, Rockefeller Visiting Fellow; Assistant Professor of Political Science, Middle East Center, University of Utah

2001-2002 Institute Staff

Linda K. Brady, Administrative Assistant

Hal Culbertson, Associate Director

Rosemarie R. Green, Admissions Coordinator and Registrar

Diane P. Hagens, Coordinator, Office Services

Anne E. Hayner, Administrator of the International Scholars Program

Marguerite E. Holleman, Secretary/Receptionist

Felicia Leon-Driscoll, Internship Coordinator

Barbara A. Lockwood, Assistant to the Director

Catherine M. Odell, Coordinator of Academic Events

A. Rashied Omar, Administrative Coordinator, PRCP and RIREC

Andre Ratasepp, Senior Technical Analyst/Consultant

2001-2002 M.A. Students

Catalina Acevedo, Bogotá, Colombia

Hassab Elrasoul Ali, Elmassed, Sudan

Marta Balint, Cluj-Napoca, Romania

Abolghasem Bayyenyat, Tehran, Iran

Jean-Paul Bigirindavyi, Bujumbura, Burundi

Agnes A. Campbell, Banjul, The Gambia

Karmela Devcic, Zagreb, Croatia

Marco Z. Garrido, Boston, Massachusetts, USA

Peter I. Gichure, Nairobi, Kenya

Alisher Khamidov, Osh, Kyrgyzstan

Asma P. Khan, Karachi, Pakistan

John P. Kleiderer, Chicago, Illinois, USA

Anastasiya Leukhina, Kiev, Ukraine

Tetty Naiborhu, Yogyakarta, Indonesia

Dieu Huong Nguyen, Hanoi, Vietnam

Stanley L. “Karana” Olivier, Los Angeles, California, USA

Kim A. Overdyck, Pretoria, Gauteng, South Africa

Serhat Tutuncuoglu, Istanbul, Turkey

Her Vang, Marysville, California, USA

Willow A. Wetherall, Orono, Maine, USA
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Richard G. Starmann, Crisis Management Consultant; former Officer of McDonald’s Corporation

Juan M.S. de Vicuña, Chairman, Coca-Cola España, President of the Fundació Coca Cola España, director of Coca-Cola Beverages S.A. (France) and President of Perfumería Gal, S.A.

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